28th Wakefield Flying L

9/27/25



CONGRESSIONAL LEGISLATION

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A Bill to Abolish the CIA

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The Legislative Branch will abolish the Central Intelligence
2		Agency (CIA) and assign its duties across Executive Agencies in
3		an effort to reduce unethical and covert extrajudicial operations.
4	SECTION 2.	Abolish shall be defined as the cessation and dissolution of the
5		CIA's structure and powers.
6	SECTION 3.	A. The following executive agencies will assume control of these
7		CIA roles and responsibilities: Department of Defense: Foreign
8		Intelligence Analysis and Dissemination; Department of Homeland
9		Security: Counterterrorism Efforts.
10		B. United States Foreign Policy efforts to maintain US Hegemony
11		shall be transitioned from covert operations that violate other
12		nation's sovereignty to operations that make full use of our Soft
13		Power.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall be enacted in phases with a targeted
15		completion date of January 21st 2033.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
17		and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by John I Leonard High School.

A Bill to Forgive All Federal Student Loan Debt

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All federal student loan debt will be canceled, getting rid of all
3		borrowers' remaining balances.
4	SECTION 2.	"Federal student loan debt" should be defined as any money that was
5		borrowed from the U.S. Department of Education, which also includes
6		Direct loans, Perkins Loans, and Federal Family Education Loans. Private
7		loans excluded.
8	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Education should oversee this law.
9		A. The department will notify loan servicers and borrowers
.0		within 90 days.
1		B. All federal student loan balances will be adjusted to \$0 within
L2		180 days of implementation.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
L 4	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void
	Introduced for	Congressional Debate by Camila Castillo J.P. Taravella High School

A Bill to Increase the Minimum Age Requirement for Gun Registration

1 BE IT ENACTE) BY THE CONGRESS HER	E ASSEMBLED THAT:
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2	SECTION 1.	The need to put a higher age requirement on gun registration is at an all-
3		time high, as many young adults tend to have an impulsive mind and
4		owning dangerous items like fire arms, needs to be handled carefully.
5		increasing the minimum age to buy or possess ammunition and firearms
6		to 23 from both licensed dealers and private sellers. Thus, it is harder for
7		those most statistically likely to commit impulsive or high-profile violent
8		acts to access firearms, particularly semi-automatic rifles and handguns
9	SECTION 2.	Firearms include handguns, long guns, rifles, shot guns, and any other
10		forms of firearms. Gun registration includes gun ownership, possession of
11		firearms, and all firearms and ammunition.
12	SECTION 3.	Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF), which
13		operates within the U.S. Department of Justice
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on December 15 th , 2028,
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	Congressional Debate by Ashley Louis of J.P. Taravella High School

A Bill to Increase U.S Presence on the Somali Coastline

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The U.S shall hereby increase military presence on the Somali Coastline.
3		Due to the increasing presence of Somali Pirates, the U.S shall deploy 20
4		U.S. Coast Guard crews on the west coast of the Arabian sea and Gulf of
5		Aden to combat the presence of Somali Pirates to ensure the safety and
6		security of ongoing ships.
7	SECTION 2.	Somali Pirates will be defined as individuals or groups operating off the
8		coast of Somalia, primarily in the Gulf of Aden, who attack and hijack
9		commercial vessels to hold their cargo and crew for ransom.
10	SECTION 3.	The U.S Department of Defense, The U.S Coast Guard, the U.S. Africa
11		Command (AFRICOM) and the International Maritime Organization (IMO)
12		shall oversee enforcement of this legislation
13		A. The U.S shall send a sum of 2.5 million dollars to the U.S Coast Guard
14		to fund the deeds of this bill.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 25, 2026. All laws in conflict
16		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	Congressional Debate by Representative Moses From J.P Taravella High School

A Bill to Improve Access to Mental Health Services for Veterans

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The federal government shall expand access to mental
2	health services	for military veterans by increasing funding for counseling,
3	therapy, and c	risis support programs.
4	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation, veterans shall be defined
5	as any individu	al who has served in the Armed Forces of the United States
6	and has been o	lischarged under conditions other than dishonorable.
7	Mental health	services shall include counseling, therapy, psychiatric care,
8	and crisis inter	vention.
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Veterans Affairs shall oversee the
10	implementatio	n of this legislation.
11	A. The Depart	ment of Veterans Affairs shall increase the number of
12	licensed m	ental health professionals within VA hospitals and clinics.
13	B. The Depart	ment of Veterans Affairs shall expand partnerships with
14	private hea	Ilthcare providers to ensure that veterans in rural or
15	underserve	ed areas have timely access to mental health services.
16	C. Annual rep	orts shall be submitted to Congress detailing improvements
17	in access, u	sage, and effectiveness of mental health services.
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect in Fiscal Year 2026. All laws
19	that are in con	flict with this legislation shall be declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by McArthur High School.

A Bill to Expand Access to Affordable Childcare to Strengthen the Workforce

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The federal government shall establish a Childcare Support
2	Grant Program	n to provide financial assistance to working families and
3	incentivize em	ployers to offer on-site or subsidized childcare.
4	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation, working families shall be
5	defined as hou	useholds in which at least one parent or guardian is
6	employed eith	er full-time or part-time. Affordable childcare shall be
7	defined as chil	dcare that costs no more than seven percent of a
8	household's to	otal income, in accordance with federal affordability
9	guidelines.	
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) shall
11	oversee the Ch	nildcare Support Grant Program in coordination with the
12	Department of	f Labor.
13	A. State agen	cies shall administer the funding at the local level and ensure
14	that assista	ance is provided directly to families and employers.
15	B. The Depart	tment of Health and Human Services shall conduct annual
16	audits of a	Il participating state agencies in order to ensure compliance
17	with progr	am guidelines and to prevent misuse of funds.
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect in Fiscal Year 2027. All laws
19	that are in con	flict with this legislation shall be declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by McArthur High School.

A Bill to Eliminate Federal Cash Bail to Ensure Equal Justice Regardless of Income

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Cash bail shall be abolished for all federal offenses. Pretrial release
2		conditions shall be determined solely on the basis of flight risk and public
3		safety, not financial status.
4	SECTION 2.	a. Cash bail is defined as any monetary payment or bond required as a
5		condition for release from pretrial detention.
6		b. Pretrial release conditions are defined as restrictions or requirements
7		imposed by a court to ensure a defendant's appearance at trial and to
8		protect public safety.
9		c. Federal offenses are defined as violations of criminal law prosecuted
10		under the jurisdiction of the United States federal courts.
11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation of this
12		legislation.
13		A. The Office of the Deputy Attorney General shall issue binding guidelines
14		to federal judges prohibiting the use of cash bail in pretrial detention
15		decisions.
16		B. The Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall monitor
17		compliance and provide annual reports to Congress on pretrial release
18		outcomes, focusing on flight risk and public safety rather than financial
19		status.
20	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this
21		legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Miami Palmetto Senior High School.

The Haitian Recovery Act (HR Act)

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SEC	TION 1 . The United States government shall allocate \$1 Billion to support
3	Hait	i in restoring stability, strengthening its national police force, and
4	add	ressing urgent humanitarian needs.
5	SEC	TION 2 . For the purpose of this bill, the following term shall be defined:
6		a) Haitian National Police (HNP): The primary law enforcement agency of
7		Haiti.
8	SEC	TION 3. The Department of State, in coordination with the Department of
9	Defe	ense and the Department of Treasury, shall oversee the enforcement of
10	this	legislation. The specific enforcement mechanisms shall include:
11		a) Allocation of Funds: i. \$500 million shall be earmarked for enhancing
12		and strengthening the capacity of the Haitian National Police, including
13		training, equipment, and infrastructure. ii. \$300 million shall be allocated
14		for urgent humanitarian aid, including food, medical supplies, and clean
15		water. iii. \$200 million shall be reserved for future governance support
16		and economic development initiatives.
17		b) Deployment of U.S. Troops: A limited contingent of U.S. troops, not
18		exceeding 1,000 personnel, shall be deployed to Haiti to assist in training
19		the HNP and providing logistical support for aid distribution.
20		c) Monitoring and evaluation: The Department of State shall establish a
21		monitoring and evaluation framework to assess the effectiveness of the
22		funds allocated and the progress achieved in stabilizing Haiti.
23		d) Reporting requirements: The Department of State shall provide
24		quarterly reports to Congress on the implementation of this bill and the
25		situation in Haiti, which they will get from the HNP.
26	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.
27	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Adam Alcin, Nova High School.

A Bill to Legalize Medical Aid in Dying to Establish Uniform, Safe Access for Terminally III Adults

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1 **SECTION 1.** Medical aid in dying (MAID) shall hereby be legalized nationwide for 2 mentally competent adults with a terminal illness (prognosis ≤ six 3 months), provided all safeguards in this Act are met. 4 **SECTION 2.** 5 A. MAID: a licensed prescriber administers a life-ending medication to 6 the qualified adult at the patient's voluntary, informed request; self-administration is not required. 8 **B.** Terminal illness: an incurable, irreversible condition expected to 9 cause death within six months in reasonable medical judgment. 10 **C.** Mentally competent: able to understand, appreciate, and 11 communicate an informed, voluntary decision; refer for 12 mental-health evaluation if doubt exists. 13 **SECTION 3.** 14 A. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) shall issue 15 forms, collect de-identified data, and publish annual compliance 16 reports. 17 **B.** Two oral requests seven (7) days apart; one witnessed written 18 request (one witness not a relative/beneficiary); two clinicians 19 confirm diagnosis and capacity; counseling on hospice/palliative 20 alternatives; clinician administration after contemporaneous verbal 21 consent. 22 **C.** Minimum seventy-two (72) hours after the written request before 23 prescribing. 24 **D.** Participation is voluntary; coercion/tampering is punishable by civil 25 penalties up to \$250,000 or imprisonment up to five (5) years. 26 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Maya Bhandari - Ransom Everglades.

this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Prohibit Ideology-Based Book Bans in Public School Libraries to Protect Students' First Amendment Right to Receive Information

1	BE IT ENACTED BY	THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Public K–12 districts may not remove or restrict Covered Works because of
3		viewpoint or an author's identity. Selection and reconsideration shall use
4		neutral educational criteria by librarians/educators; parent opt-outs apply only
		to their own child.
5	SECTION 2.	
6		A. Book ban: removal/restriction based on viewpoint or ideology rather than
7		neutral age-appropriateness, cataloging, or legally defined obscenity.
8		B. Library materials: books and other media available in a school library.
9		C. Viewpoint discrimination: adverse action because of the ideas expressed,
10		including on race, gender, sexuality, or political/historical perspectives.
11		D. Obscenity: evaluated under Miller v. California and applicable law.
12		E. Covered Works: (1) literary works first published before January 1, 1970, or
13		in the U.S. public domain, and (2) primary-source historical documents
		created before January 1, 1970 (e.g., speeches, letters, founding
14		documents, diaries).
15	SECTION 3.	
16		A. The Department of Education shall annually sample and report on district
17		compliance.
18		B. Districts in violation are ineligible for specified federal funds until
19		corrected; students, parents, or educators may seek injunctive relief and
20		reasonable attorney's fees.
21	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this
		legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Restore Justice to Active Duty Forces

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	When the President of the United States wishes to federally
2	deploy any fo	rm of active duty forces, they must submit a petition to
3	Congress. If C	ongress approves their proposal within fifteen calendar days,
4	the active dut	y force may be deployed.
5	SECTION 2.	1. "Active duty forces" include actors such as the Army, Air
6	Force, Marine	s, National Guard, and all full-time enlisted military
7	personnel. "D	eployment" includes only military deployments on domestic
8	soil or waters	
9	2. The proced	ure for the deployment of National Guard personnel by state
10	governments	shall remain unchanged.
11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation
12	of this legislat	ion.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on November 1, 2025. All
14	laws in conflic	ct with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Sanction Qatar

1	BE II ENACIE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government shall sanction Qatar by
3		limiting all forms of trade conducted with Qatar until improvements
4		are made regarding human rights in Qatar.
5	SECTION 2.	Improvements include but are not limited to providing safe working
6		conditions, eliminating gender segregation, and terminating
7		persecution of the LGBTQ+ community. Sanctions are defined as
8		economic and trade restrictions placed on a country. Human rights
9		are rights inherent to all human beings, regardless of race, sex,
10		nationality, ethnicity, language, religion, or any other protected status
11		ensuring the protection of these rights.
12	SECTION 3.	The Department of State (DoS) and the Department of Commerce
13		(DoC) will oversee enforcement of this legislation.
14		A. The Department of State will provide reports every six months to
15		check if requirements are met in order to lift sanctions.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by West Broward High School.

A Bill to Incentivize Allied Production of AI Hardware and Protect U.S. AI Innovation from Adversary Imports

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall incentivize allied nations to co-produce Al
2		hardware and data center components while applying strategic tariffs on
3		imports from adversary nations, including China and Russia, to safeguard
4		U.S. AI innovation, domestic infrastructure, and national security.
5	SECTION 2.	Allied nations are countries formally partnered with the U.S. to produce
6		AI hardware and data center infrastructure. Adversary nations are those
7		posing economic, technological, or security risks. AI hardware and data
8		center components include GPUs, servers, storage, and memory essential
9		for AI computation.
10	SECTION 3.	The Office of the U.S. Trade Representative (USTR), in coordination with
11		the Departments of Commerce, Defense, and Energy, shall oversee
12		funding and enforcement. Up to \$1 billion annually shall support allied
13		production, domestic data center expansion, and tariff implementation.
14		Program effectiveness shall be measured by the percentage of AI
15		hardware sourced from allied nations, reduction of imports from
16		adversary nations, growth in domestic data center capacity, and speed of
17		Al research and deployment in critical sectors.
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2027. All conflicting laws
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Westglades Middle School.

A Bill to Limit the Usage of AI to Combat Environmental Degradation

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall establish regulations on the development and use
2		of artificial intelligence (AI) to limit the usage of this tool to enhance our
3		current environmental circumstances.
4	SECTION 2.	A. "Environmental degradation" shall be defined as harm or damage to the
5		Earth or living beings caused by human activity, including but not limited
6		to, water scarcity, air and water pollution, toxic hardware waste, and
7		excessive energy consumption.
8		B. "Limiting the usage of AI" shall be defined as implementing restrictions,
9		to prevent excessive or harmful utilization of AI systems that negatively
10		impact environmental sustainability.
11	SECTION 3.	The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the National Institute of
12		Standards and Technology (NIST), shall work together to oversee the
13		enforcement of this legislation.
14		A. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), shall ensure that there are
15		regulations in place to ensure the development of AI systems while
16		considering environmental conservation.
17		B. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), shall oversee
18		the efficiency and effectiveness of this bill. The NIST shall also enforce
19		standards for integrating environmental metrics into AI frameworks.
20		These efforts would aim to ensure data transparency from AI
21		businesses.
22		C. Any business that breach these regulations will face a fine of \$50,000
23		for each violation.
24	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
25	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sahithya G. Muddurajaveera.

A Bill to Mandate Cybersecurity Standards for Internet of Things (IoT) Medical Devices to Prevent Hacking and Data Breaches

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All manufacturers of Internet of Things (IoT) medical devices shall be		
2		required to implement federally approved cybersecurity measures,		
3		including encryption, secure software updates, and multi-factor		
4		authentication, to prevent unauthorized access and cyberattacks.		
5	SECTION 2.	IoT Medical Devices shall be defined as any internet-connected medical		
6		equipment, including but not limited to pacemakers, insulin pumps, and		
7		remote monitoring devices.		
8	SECTION 3. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Cybersecurity and			
9	Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) shall jointly oversee enforcement.			
10	1. Manufacturers must undergo a cybersecurity certification process before			
11	approval for market distribution.			
12	2. The FDA and CISA shall conduct random security audits and impose			
13	penalties on non-compliant manufacturers, including product recalls and			
14	fines.			
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with		
16	SECTION 4.	this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Westglades Middle School.